THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA

B. Sc. DEGREE PROGRAMME - 2013/14

ZLU2182 – ANIMAL DEVELOPMENT CAT 1 (NO BOOK TEST)

DATE: 28th February 2014



Time:	10.30	a.m 1	1	.30	a.m
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REGISTRATION NUMBER:

Answer all questions.

This paper consists of two parts, Part A & B.

Part A - Q 1 contains 20 multiple choice questions. Tick the correct answers for these questions on the answer sheet provided below.

Part B has two questions, Q 2 & Q3. Answers for these questions should be written on the space provided.

Submit the entire paper at the end of the examination.

Answer Sheet for Part A - Q 1

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.1				
1.2	,			
1.3				
1.4				
1.5				
1.6				
1.7				
1.8				
1.9				
1.10				

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.11	:			
1.12				
1.13				-
1.14				
1.15				
1.16				
1.17				
1.18				
1.19				
1.20				

Part B

Q.2 . F	illi ⁻	in the	blanks	using	suitable	terms
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(A)	The egg of <i>Amphioxus</i> can be called as a (1)
(B)	The initial rapid block to polyspermy in sea urchin egg is caused by the
	(8) of the egg plasma membrane due to transient influx of (9)
	ions. Then, a mechanism called (10)
	provides a permanent block to polyspermy. The change of egg membrane potential
	leads to explosive release of intracellular (11) ions to the egg
	cytoplasm. The (12) located near the periphery of the cell
	cytoplasm respond to free ions and (13) with plasma membrane and
	discharge their contents into the space between the (14)
	(15)
(C)	In the developing chick wing bud, the thickened ectoderm at the apex forms the
	(16) The formation and maintenance of this thickened
	ectoderm need the influence of underline (17)
	which lies beneath the thickened ectoderm is called the (18)
	Through the mediation of growth factors (19)
	causes rapid cell divisions in this zone. These inductive interactions acting in both
	directions are termed (20)

(30 marks)

Q. 3. Answer the following questions
3.1. What is the reason for the development of embryo only up to a larval stage in the eggs of some animals?
(03 marks)
3.2. The oogenesis of mammals differs from that of other vertebrates in two ways. What are these two differences?
(03 marks)
3.3. How are sperms structurally adapted to fulfill their function?
(04 marks)