The Open University of Sri Lanka
B.Sc/B.Ed. Degree Programme
Final Examination - 2013/2014
Applied Mathematics-Level 05
AMU3182/AME5182— Mathematical Methods I



**Duration: - Two hours** 

Date:-23.06.2014

Time: -1.00p.m. -3.00p.m.

## Answer 4 questions only

(1) (a) Find the general solution of the following system of simultaneous differential equations:

$$\dot{x}_1 = 7x_1 - 3x_3$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -9x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = 18x_1 - 8x_3$$
.

(2)

(b) (i) Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = 0.$$

- (ii) Find the solution of part (i) for which y = 3 and  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ , when x = 1.
- (2) (a) Solve each of the following partial differential equations:

(i) 
$$x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{1}{x(1+y^2)} u + 2yxe^{\frac{1}{x(1+y^2)}} = 0; \quad u = u(x, y)$$

(ii) 
$$\log_e \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x \partial y} = x + y$$
.

(b) Find the general solution of the pair of partial differential equations

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = x^2 + 3y + e^{x-y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = y^2 + 3x - e^{x - y}.$$

(3) (a) Show that the eigen value problem

$$X''(x) + \lambda X(x) = 0,$$

$$X'(0) = X'(\pi) = 0, \quad (0 < x < \pi)$$

has eigen values  $\lambda_n = n^2$  and corresponding eigen functions  $X_n = \cos nx$ ; n = 0, 1, 2, ...

(b) Use the change of variables method to find the general solution, in terms of x, of the differential equation

$$(1-x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$$
 ;  $(0 < x < 1)$ .

(4) (a) Find the sinusoidal particular solution of the system:

$$\ddot{x}_1 + 3x_1 + x_2 = \sin 2t$$
  
$$\ddot{x}_2 + x_1 + 5x_2 = \cos 2t - \sin 2t.$$

(b) Draw the characteristic curves for the partial differential equation

$$-3\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 4u = e^{y-3x}$$
; where  $u = u(x, y)$ .

Hence find the general solution of the partial differential equation.

(5) (a) State the conditions satisfied by A,B and C for the second order semi linear partial differential equation,

$$A(x,y)\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}} + B(x,y)\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x \partial y} + C(x,y)\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}} = F(x,y)$$

to be classified as hyperbolic, parabolic or elliptic, in the above A, B, C are independent of u and its derivatives.

(b) (i) Using the change of variables

$$\zeta = 2y + x^2$$
 ,  $\phi = 2y - x^2$ 

reduce the equation

$$x^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial y^{2}} - \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}} - 4x^{2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \left(4x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0 \quad ; \quad x \neq 0$$

to the form

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial q \partial \phi} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial \phi} = 0.$$

(ii) Show that the general solution of the above equation is of the form

$$u(x,y) = g(x^2 + 2y) + e^{(x^2 + 2y)}h(2y - x^2).$$

(6) (a) Find the general solution of the simultaneous differential equations,

$$\dot{x}_1 = 8x_1 - 5x_2 + e^t$$
$$\dot{x}_2 = -2t + 10x_1 - 7x_2.$$

(b) Consider the above system of equations where  $x_1 = 1$  and  $x_2 = 1$  when t = 0. Use the Euler method with a step length of 0.1 to calculate approximations to  $x_1(0.2)$  and  $x_2(0.2)$ . Clearly indicate your calculations at each step.