The Open University of Sri Lanka Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering



ECX4235 – Data Structures & Algorithms Final Examination – 2005

(Closed Book Test)

Date: 22nd March 2006

Time: 13.30 - 16.30 hrs

PART A

Note: Answer all questions.

Program segments can be written in Pascal/ C/ Visual Basic or Java. Students must clearly specify the programming language used when answering questions.

1.

- a) Describe advantages of postfix notation of arithmetic expressions over infix notation.
- b) Explain the operation of 'Reverse Polish Calculator'.
- c) Transfer the following infix expression into postfix notation and show how the postfix expression is implemented within the 'stack data structure'.

$$75 + 15 / 3 - 3 * (18 + 2)$$

d) Declare a stack (15 elements) long, and implement the above transformed postfix expression in the declared stack.

(20 marks)

2. Read the following scenario.

School Management System - 'BeeBee' School

'BeeBee' school management is divided into primary and secondary sections. Primary section is from grade 1 to grade 5. Secondary section is from grade 6 to grade 12. Each grade is again divided into classes named 'A', 'B', 'C' and 'D'. Each class has a class teacher, an assistant and a class monitor. Each class has 25 students. It is class teacher's responsibility to maintain attendance records, students progress reports and organize students day to day study material.

Keep the class room neat and tidy, help students when they need assistance and help the class teacher when required are the assistant's responsibilities.

The class monitor is the in charge of other students. Keep the discipline within the class room, discuss students' problems with them and inform them to class teacher and help the assistant when required are the class monitor's responsibilities.

a) Identify all the classes with their states and behaviors as given by the above text.

b) Implement one class that you have identifies in the part (a).

(20 marks)

PART B

Note: Answer any three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

a) Describe the difference between the 'queue' and the 'priority queue' data structures.

b) In the word 'ORGANIZE', letters 'O', 'R', 'G', 'A', 'N', 'I', 'Z', 'E', is entered to a 'queue' according to the order that letters are entered. Explain the principle and show how the normal queue is implemented using these letters. (you must show your declaration)

c) If the above letters are entered in a 'priority queue' according to the order of English Alphabet, show how the priority queue is implemented. (You must show your declaration)

d) What is the key value used to arrange letters in the priority queue in part (c).

(20 marks)

a) Describe the 'Selection sort' algorithm.

b) Illustrate the 'Selection sort' using the following data set. 12, 34, 5, 45, 67, 8, 22, 96, 18

c) Implement the 'Selection sort' algorithm using a suitable programming language.

(20 marks)

3.

a) Give the declaration for the 'binary tree'.

b) Explain the 'pre-order', 'in-order', 'post-order' traversing methods.

c) Draw the binary search tree results from inserting the following numbers in the order.

14, 15, 4, 9, 7, 18, 3, 5, 16, 4, 20, 17, 9, 14, 5

d) Write the results after the above tree is traversed using the traversing methods in part (b).

e) Construct an 'AVL balance tree' inserting the following nodes in order. Draw all the necessary steps.

15, 22, 36, 26, 28, 9

(20 marks)

4.

a) Explain what is meant by a 'singly linked list' using a diagram.

b) Give the declaration for the 'singly linked list'.

c) Write a procedure to add a new node to the 'singly linked list'.

(20 marks)

- 5. A complex number is a one that contains real and imaginary parts, both of which are real parts. If c1 has real and imaginary parts r1 and i1, respectively, and c2 has real and imaginary parts r2 and i2, respectively, then
 - The sum of c1 and c2 has real part (r1+r2) and imaginary part (i1+i2)
 - The difference of c1 and c2 has real part (r1-r2) and imaginary part (i1-i2)
 - The product of cI and c2 has real part [(rI*r2)-(iI*i2)] and imaginary part [(rI*i2)+(r2*iI)]
 - a) Implement complex numbers by declaring a record (in pascal) with real and imaginary parts. (Note: It is 'Structure' in C programming language).
 - b) Write procedures to add, subtract and multiply such complex numbers.

(20 marks)

-End of Paper-