

The Open University of Sri Lanka Faculty of Engineering Technology Final Examination- 2009/10

## **AEX4237 Irrigation and Drainage Engineering**

Date

: 02-03-2010

Time

: 0930-1230 hours

## **SECTION II**

- (1) (a) What is the importance of Irrigation and Drainage Engineering in Sri Lankan context?
  - (b) The Reddish Brown Earth in the dry zone of Sri Lanka holds 22% and 8% of water respectively at field capacity and permanent wilting point (by weight). If the dry bulk density of soil is 2.2g/cm3, determine the total water available for plants in this soil.
  - (b) If a Tomato crop grown in the soil, mentioned in section (b) above, with a root depth of 3m and consumptive use of 6mm/day, determine the irrigation interval and volume, assuming irrigation at 50% depletion of the total available water.
- (2) (a) "Rehabilitation of existing irrigation schemes is necessary to increase agricultural production in Sri Lanka" comment on this statement.
- (3) (a) Discuss the water control and measuring structures in canals.
  - (b) Explain the mechanism of Sprinkler Irrigation System.
  - (c) Briefly explain the advantages of the sprinkler irrigation system.
- (4) (a) Briefly explain the different types of canals found in dry zone of Sri Lanka.
  - (b) What is meant by the term "Canal Capacity"?
  - (c) What do you mean by "Canal Operation and Maintenance"?
- (5) Write a small essays on the followings
  - (a) "Rise and fall of ancient hydraulic civilisation in Sri Lanka"
  - (b) "Drainage problems and practices in Sri Lanka"
- (6) Write short notes on any three (03) of the following.
  - (a) Earth moving equipments.
  - (b) Effective rainfall
  - (c) Irrigation water management
  - (d) Inland salinity
  - (e) Net Irrigation Requirement.