

The Open University of Sri Lanka BSc (Hons) in Nursing Degree - Level 6 NGU6305 - Palliative Care Nursing



Continuous Assessment Test 02- Academic Year 2018/2019

Date: 20th December 2018

Duration: 01 hour

Time: 3.30 p.m. - 4.30 p.m.

Registration Number:

Please read the following instructions carefully before you answer the question paper. This question paper consists of four parts: Part A, Part B, Part C and Part D.

Answer all questions

Part A - Multiple Choice Questions

(10 Marks)

There are 10 Multiple Choice Questions in this paper and below each question or statement contains four responses. Select the best response to each question or statement and indicate the answer in your MCQ answer sheet.

- On the answer sheet there are four cages, opposite each question number labeled "a" to "d".
- Indicate the answer by making a cross (X) over the appropriate letter in the box.

An example of a correctly answered question is given below.

E.g.: The founder of modern nursing is,

- a. Virginia Henderson
- b. Florence Nightingale
- c. Dorothea Orem
- d. Betty Neuman

Answer:



Part B – Matching Questions

(10 Marks)

Match the phrases given on the **Left** with most relevant words or phrases given on the **Right**. Put the letter belongs to the selected word in the brackets given on the left .

Part C - Short Answer Questions

(50 Marks)

There are **02 Short Answer Questions** in this paper and each carries **05 sub sections**. Answer all questions within the given spaces.

Part D - Structured Essay Question

(30 Marks)

There is one short essay question in this question paper and you must answer the question within given spaces only

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Part A – 10 Multiple Choice Questions (10 marks)

- 1. We can divide NSAIDs into two types according to the inhibition of COX enzymes. Which one is the **correct** statement regarding those two types.
 - a) Non-selective COX inhibitors are inhibit COX-2 isoform
 - b) Without any cautions non-selective COX inhibitors can administer for patient with nasal polyps
 - c) Gastrointestinal toxicity occurs commonly with selective COX inhibitors
 - d) Non-selective COX inhibitors and Selective COX-2 inhibitors have different repal effects
- 2. As palliative care nurses we should know general principles of treatment in pain. Which one is the false statement regarding those principles.
 - a) If the prescribed drugs do not produce adequate analgesia, treatment is escalated in an orderly manner
 - b) When prescribing more than one drug, the different drugs should be given as compound preparations
 - c) Never use placebo
 - d) Adjuvant analgesics should be used whenever indicated
- 3. Terminally ill patients should not be recruited into clinical trials, if
 - a) trial objective is to improve the quality of life
 - b) there is possible benefit to the patient
 - c) it is a phase 1 trial of an experimental anticancer agent
 - d) the potential for harm is low to the patient
- 4. Terminal restlessness is an agitated delirium that occurs in some patients during the last few days of life. What are the common clinical features of terminal restlessness?
 - a) Agitation, restlessness, impaired conscious state, muscle twitching, seizures
 - b) Anxiety, fear, unrelieved pain, urinary retention and fecal impaction
 - c) Dehydration, hypovolaemia, heart failure and shock
 - d) Malabsorption, vomiting, diarrhoea and fever
- 5. Constipation is a common symptom that can be presented with patients who need palliative care. As a palliative care nurse how would you prevent it?
 - a) Commence glycerine, bisacodyl, microenema and enema
 - b) Increase food, fluid and dietary fiber or bulk forming laxatives
 - e) Start oral laxatives
 - d) Encourage straining and abdominal massage

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- 6. Find out the correct statement regarding justice
 - a) Justice refers to the equitable allocation of health care resources according to class
 - b) Justice refers to the equitable allocation of health care resources according to creed
 - c) Observation of health care around the world shows much lack of justice
 - d) Only poor people should receive palliative care as a free service
- 7. Find out the **correct** statement regarding enteral nutrition
 - a) Enteral nutrition will reverse cancer cachexia
 - b) Enteral nutrition will prevent cancer cachexia
 - c) May be appropriate for patients with upper gastrointestinal obstruction
 - d) Enteral nutrition is not associated with diarrhea
- 8. Assessment of pain is carried out
 - a) Once only
 - b) Pre and post treatment
 - c) Flowing treatment only
 - d) Only whenever patient complain
- 9. The home health nurse goes to visit Mr. Sarath who has diagnosed of end stage AIDS. During the assessment it is noted that Mr. Sarath is complaining of abdominal pain which he describe as less well localize and cramping. This description is indicative of what type of pain?
 - a) Neuropathic
 - b) Somatic
 - c) Referred
 - d) Visceral
- 10. Best practice in symptoms assessments warrants:
 - a) Weekly reassessments and documentation
 - b) Continual reassessment and documentation
 - c) Multi-disciplinary decision making
 - d) Documentation of all medical decisions made

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Part B – Matching Questions (10 marks)

Match the phrases given on the **Left** with most relevant words or phrases given on the **Right**. Put the letter belongs to the selected word in the brackets given on the left.

	Left			Right
1.	Far-advanced disease			A. Relieved psychosocial
		()	suffering
2.	A benefit of multidisciplinary			B. At home
	approach to assessment and treatment	()	
3.	A barrier related to the palliative care			C. Minimize or do no harm
		()	
4.	Non-maleficence			D. Opioid addiction
	• •	()	
5.	Rare in patients with cancer and pain			E. Refractory cardiac failure
		()	
6.	Whenever possible patients with a			F. Poor prognostication
	terminal illness should be managed	()	
7.	Palliative care patients, on continued			G. At hospice
	NSAID therapy should treat with	()	
8.	Morphine hastens the death			H. H ₂ -receptor antagonists
		()	
9.	An adjuvant analgesic	•		I. Opiophobia
		()	
10.	Sacral nerve root lesion			J. Reduced peristalsis
		()	
				K. Omeprazole
				L. Bisphosphonates

Part C -	Short Answer Questions (50 Marks)
Answer a	all questions within the given space
Question	n 1 - (25 Marks)
1.1)	Local Infiltration is a treatment method, which is used in pain management. List
	three (03) indications for local Infiltration (6 Marks).
I.	
II.	••••••
III.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
1.2)	List five (05) psychological approaches that we can use in pain management.
	(10 Marks).
I.	
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
II.	
III.	
IV.	
V.	
1.3)	List three (03) types of mechanical therapies that we can use in pain manageme (3Marks).

I.

II.

III.

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1.4	•	List two (02) indications that should not give heat therapy for a patient with pain (4 Marks).
1.		
II.	•	
1.5	,	Give two (02) examples for appetite stimulants that we can use in palliative care (2 Marks).
I.	•	
II.	•	
Quest	ion 2	- (25 Marks)
2.1)	palli who	aptom control related to the respiratory system is one of the major concerns in intive care. List three (03) symptoms related to the respiratory system in patients are receiving palliative care (3 Marks)
I.		
II.	•••••	
III.		
2.2)		two (02) causes for reduction in functional lung tissue in patients who are iving palliative care (2 Marks)
I.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
II.	•	
2.3)		ine following terms that we should concern when we are administering the opioid as (12 Marks).
Folera	ance	
	••••	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

3	9 _{8/}
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Physic	cal dependence
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Psych	ological dependence
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
2.4)	In palliative care advance care planning is really important as it helps to provide a better and quality care for the patient. Define, what is Advance care planning? (4 Marks).
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
2.5)	Advance care plan involves 4 processes. List two (02) processes from them (4 Marks).
I.	
II.	
Part D	-Structured Essay Question (30 Marks)
Answe	er all questions within the given space
1.1	Opioid analgesics are widely used in palliative care. Give two (02) examples for the weak opioid drugs (4 Marks).
I.	
II.	

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1.2)	List five (05) risk factors for narcosis (10 Marks).
I.	
II.	
III.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
IV.	
V.	
1.3)	List three (03) adverse effects of opioids related to gastrointestinal system (6 Marks).
I.	***************************************
II.	
III.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
1.4)	Write the antidote for morphine (2 Marks).
1.5)	List four (04) main aspects that should include in the assessment of a patient with Opioid overdosage (8 Marks).
I.	
II.	
III.	
IV.	

The Open University of Sri Lanka Department of Nursing - BSc (Hons) in Nursing Degree Academic Year 2018/19- Semester 1 NGU6305 - Palliative Care Nursing Continuous Assessment Test 2

	20. 12. 2018 ration Number	Time: 3.30 p.m. – 4.30 p.m. Duration: 01 hour	
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1.	a b c d		
2.	a b c d		
3.	a b c d		
4.	a b c d		
5.	a b c d		
6.	a b c d		
7.	a b c d		
8.	a b c d		
9.	a b c d		
10.	a b c d		