

The Open University of Sri Lanka
Faculty of Engineering Technology
Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering



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| Study Programme | : Bachelor of Software Engineering Honours |
| Name of the Examination | : Final Examination |
| Course Code and Title | : EEI3372 Programming in Python |
| Academic Year | : 2023/24 |
| Date | : 15 th August 2024 |
| Time | : 09.30 - 12.30 hrs |
| Duration | : 3 hours |

General Instructions

1. Read all instructions carefully before answering the questions.
 2. This question paper consists of **Five (05)** questions in **Four (04)** pages.
 3. **Answer all questions.**
 4. Answer for each question should commence from a new page.
 5. This is a Closed Book Test (CBT).
 7. Answers should be in clear handwriting.
 8. Do not use red colour pen or pencil.
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1.

Write short answers to the following questions.

- a. Define the term "Programming". [2 marks]
- b. Briefly explain the differences between syntax and semantics. [6 marks]
- c. Consider the following Python lists.

A = [5, 10, 15, 20]

B = ["Apple", "Banana", "Cherry", "Date"]

C = [3.14, 2.71, 1.62, 0.99]

Assume that the changes happen to the lists by codes in each question remains throughout, till the end of all six questions.

- i. A.extend([25, 30])
What will be the updated List A after running this code?
- ii. print(len(B))
What will be the output?
- iii. del C[0]
What will the modified List C look like?
- iv. B[B.index("Banana")] = "Grapes"
What will the updated List B contain?
- v. print(B[::-1])
What will be the output?
- vi. C.remove(2.71)
What will the modified List C be? [12 marks]

2.

- a. Identify the Python data type of the following variables.
 - i. name = "John"
 - ii. age = 5
 - iii. height = 5.2
 - iv. subjects = ['math', 'science', 'art']
 - v. is_student = True [5 marks]
- b. Below is a Python program created for a given requirement. Read the descriptions given and fill the blanks in the code. *(Write your answers in the answer sheet. Only write the answer. Don't write the whole code again.)*

ABC Company wants to calculate the net salary for a month for a salesperson working in the company. Net salary is the total of basic salary, bonus, additional bonus.

 - Get the basic salary, years worked, and total sales of the month from the user of the program.

```
basicSalary = (i).....(input ("Enter your basic salary: "))
yrsWorked = (ii).....(input ("Enter the number of years worked: "))
totalSales = float ( (iii)..... ("Enter the total sales per month: "))
```

- If the salesperson has been with the company for five or less years, he/she receives a bonus of Rs.200 for each month for the number of years he/she has worked so far.
- Or else the bonus is Rs.500 for each month if he or she has worked for over 5 years.

#this code checks the years worked by the employee and calculates the bonus according to the criteria given above

```
if yrsWorked <= (iv)..... :
    bonus = 200 * ( (v)..... * 12)
else:
    bonus = 500 * ( (vi)..... * 12)
```

Additional bonuses are as follows:

- If total sales for the month are between Rs.25,000 - Rs.50,000, he or she receives a 3% additional bonus on the total sale.
- If total sales for the month are at least Rs.50,000, he or she receives a 6% additional bonus on the total sale.

#this code checks the total sales done by the employee and calculates the additional bonus according to the criteria given above

```
if 25000 <= (vii)..... < 50000:
    addiBonus = (viii)..... * (ix)..... / 100
elif totalSales (x)..... 50000:
    addiBonus = totalSales * (xi)..... / 100
else:
    addiBonus = (xii).....
```

- Finally display the net salary of the salesperson.

```
netSalary = (xiii)..... + bonus + (xiv).....
print("Net salary is Rs.", (xv)..... )
```

[15 marks]

3.

Determine the value/output of the following Python expressions/code segments.

Hint : none of the following result in a compile error.

a. $20 / 4 - (3 * 2)$

[2 marks]

b.

```
for i in range(91, 99, 2):
    print(i)
```

[3 marks]

c.

```
i = 1
while True:
    if i % 3 == 0:
        break
    print(i)
    i += 1
```

[4 marks]

d.

```
class MyClass:
    def __init__(self, id):
        self.id = str(id)
        id = "11"
```

```
instance = MyClass(22)
print(instance.id)
```

[5 marks]

```

e. try:
    num1 = 10
    num2 = 0
    result = num1 / num2
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print("Cannot divide by zero.")
except ArithmeticError:
    print("Arithmetic error occurred.")
else:
    print("end")
    if(num1==0):
        result = num1 + 5 + num2 - 5
    else:
        result = num2 + num1
finally:
    if(num1==10):
        result = num1 + 10 + num2 - 10
    else:
        result = num2 + num1
    print(result)

```

[6 marks]

4.

- a. Define the term 'function' in programming. [2 marks]
- b. List the two main categories of functions used by programmers. [4 marks]
- c. Fill in the blanks.
(Write your answers in the answer sheet. Only write the answer. Don't write the whole sentence again.)
 - i. The _____ statement is used at the end of the function and returns the result of the function.
 - ii. Information can be passed into functions as _____.
 - iii. The variables defined outside any function is known to have a _____ scope.
 - iv. To define a function in Python, we use the _____ keyword followed by the function name and parameters (if any).
 - v. In Python, _____ values allow you to assign values to function parameters that act as fallbacks when no explicit argument is provided during function calls.
 - vi. The variables defined inside a function is known to have a _____ scope. [6 marks]

```

d. def greet(name="Guest"):
    print( f"Hello, {name}!")

```

Write how you would call this function,

- i. With an argument
- ii. Without an argument

Answer the following questions.

- iii. What would be the output if called with the argument you used in (i).
- iv. What would be the output if called without an argument.

[8 marks]

5.

- a. Briefly explain the below mentioned terms in Object Oriented Programming.
- i. Class
 - ii. Object
 - iii. Encapsulation
 - iv. Inheritance

[08 Marks]

- b. Imagine you're designing software for a bank. The bank needs to manage customer accounts, perform transactions, and keep track of balances. Bank Account represents a customer's account. This will define the common properties and behaviors for all bank accounts. Bank offers different types of accounts (e.g., savings, checking, fixed deposit)
- i. Identify a parent class that can be created when developing this system.
 - ii. Identify two child classes that can be created when developing this system.

Below is a Python class created by one of the previous developers. Answer the next questions based on this Python code.

```
class BankAccount:
    def __init__(self, account_number, holder_name, balance):
        self.account_number = account_number
        self.holder_name = holder_name
        self.balance = balance

    def deposit(self, amount):
        self.balance += amount

    def withdraw(self, amount):
        self.balance -= amount
```

- iii. Name all the instance/object properties of this class.
- iv. Is the 'withdraw' method logically, correct? Justify your answer.

[12 Marks]

- END -