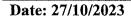
The Open University of Sri Lanka

B.Sc. Degree Programme: LEVEL 04/05

Department of Computer Science Final Examination 2023/2024

CSU4300 / CSU5315- OPERATING SYSTEMS

DURATION: Two Hours (2 hours)



Time: 2.00 pm - 4.00 pm

Answer FOUR Questions Only

QUESTION 1

- 1.1) What is *kernal* in an operating system?
- 1.2) Compare batch operating system and the time sharing system.
- 1.3) Draw the process state transition diagram of an operating system. Describe each state transition.
- 1.4) Describe **five** (5) services provided under programmers view in an operating system?
- 1.5) A disk has 10 tracks in it. Tracks are numbered from 1 to 10 from the track near the spindle of the disk. Seek time across tracks is calculated according to the formula 3n+1 ms where n is the track number. The disk has 1000MB file stored and data is equally distributed across tracks. Assume 1 seek and additional 100ms is needed to read 50 MB of data after seeking to the location of data. Calculate time required to read entire 1000MB file from the said disk.

QUESTION 2

- 2.1) List **five** (5) operations involved in creation of a process in an operating system.
- 2.2) Consider a system with one CPU and six jobs, Each job has arrival time and burst time as given below.

Job	Arrival Time	Burst Time			
1	0	7			
2	2	3			
3	4	2			
4	6	1.			
5	9	3			
6	10	2			

- (i) Draw separate Gantt charts illustrating the above jobs using Non pre-emptive SJF, Pre-emptive SJF and Round Robin (time quanta = 3) scheduling algorithms.
- (ii) Compute the average turn around time, average waiting time and average response time for above jobs using pre-emptive SJF algorithm. Show all the calculations.

QUESTION 3

- 3.1) What is a *cooperating process* in an operating system?
- 3.2) Write an algorithm to solve producer/consumer problem with N messages.
- 3.3) Expand the term SPOOL. Describe the use of spooling in an operating system.
- 3.4) What is *thread yield*? describe using an example.
- 3.5) Matrix A(8x4) and matrix B(4x6) need to be multiplied using a 4 core CPU supporting 2 threads per core. Assuming 5ms is needed per multiplication operation, calculate the time required in miliseconds to do the entire matrix multiplication.

QUESTION 4

- 4.1) List the main difference between Buddy and Lazy buddy memory allocation schemes?
- 4.2) What is the difference between *first fit* and *next fit* algorithms used in memory allocations?
- Suppose you have the following page reference string and the frames (0,1,2).

Reference	2	2	3	4	2	4	3	1	2	1	4	6	3	6	5	7
string																
Frame 0																
Frame 1																
Frame 2																

Use the table above to show frame allocation using the FIFO algorithm. Mark the frame replacement locations using *. (Hint: draw this table in your answer script and fill the blanks)

- 4.4) Assume that the operating system on your computer uses the buddy system for memory management. Initially the system has 8192 KB of memory, which begins at address 0. Show the result of each request/release given below via successive figures.
 - 1. A: Request 650KB
 - 2. B: Request 400KB
 - 3. C: Request 220KB
 - 4. D: Request 160KB
 - 5. Release A
 - 6. E: Request 250KB
 - 7. Release B

- 8. F: Request 80 KB
- 9. Release C
- 10. Release D
- 11. Release E
- 12. Release F

4.5) Assuming that the system given in above question 4.4 has only completed up to the memory request of F, compute the amount of internal fragmentation that exists in the system at that time.

QUESTION 5

- 5.1) What are page and page frame in terms of memory management?
- 5.2) List the **five** (5) steps that an operating system perform after a page fault.
- 5.3) List **four** (4) necessary conditions for a deadlock to occur.
- In a system, there is a total of 28 units of resource R1, 19 units of resource R2 and 16 units of resource R3. The system is in the following state (S0).

Process		Max		Allocation			
	R1	R2	R3	R1	R2	R3	
P0 ·	8	8	6	4	5	2	
P1	13	7	5	8	4	2	
P2	6	6	4	5	4	3	
P3	11	5	4	6	2	4	

- (i) Show that the above state (S0) is a safe state. Give the complete sequence of jobs.
- (ii) The process P1 requests for the resources (R1, R2, R3) equivalent to units (2, 2, 2) when the system is in state S0. Is it possible to grant the request by P1? Give the process sequence.

QUESTION 6

- 6.1) Permission numbers of files namal.txt and piyal.txt are given as 641, 573 respectively.
 - (i) Explain the permissions of those files in terms of owner, group and others.
 - (ii) Which file has the most permissions for the group?
- 6.2) Draw a diagram to show *Indexed allocation* of a disk space using an example.
- What are the four (4) steps used in transfer of each byte under the transfer mode programmed input output (PIO).
- 6.4) Draw diagrams to describe the functionality of the following disk access scheduling schemes in a disk having 0-999 cylinders. Previous and current head positions are 345 and 150 respectively. The read request sequence is 340, 230, 500, 50, 165, 580, 700. Then calculate the distance traveled by disk head in each of the scheduling algorithm given below from the current head position.
 - (i) C-SCAN
 - (ii) C-LOOK
 - (iii) LOOK
 - (iv) SSTF

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