

## THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRILLANKA about the

#### FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

#### DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES ACADEMIC YEAR 2019/2020-SEMESTER I

BACHELOR OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES HONOURS MDU5358 - HISTOPATHOLOGY NO BOOK TEST 01 **DURATION: 1 ½ HOURS** 

DATE: 6th FEBRUARY 2020 TIME: 11.00 AM - 12.30 PM

REGISTRATION NO:	***************************************

#### IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS/INFORMATIONS TO CANDIDATES

- This question paper consists of 9 pages with 10 Multiple Choice Questions (Part A), 04 Structured Essay Questions (Part B) and 01 Essay Question (Part C).
- Write your Registration Number in the space provided.
- Answer ALL questions.
- Multiple Choice Questions (Part A): Mark the best answer for each question in the answer sheet provided by placing a cross (X) in INK in the relevant cage. (Answers in pencil will NOT be marked)
- Structured Essay Questions (Part B): Write answers within the space provided.
- Essay Question (Part C): Answer the question on the provided papers.
- Do not remove any page/part of this question paper from the examination hall.
- Mobile phones and any other electronic equipment are NOT allowed. Leave them outside.

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### Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (10 marks)

- 1. Anoxia is,
  - a) an abnormal tissue oxygen utilization.
  - b) an absence of oxygen at the tissue level.
  - c) high oxygen level at the organ level.
  - d) deficiency of oxygen at the cellular level.
- 2. Heterophagy and autophagy are processes associated with the function of,
  - a) mitochondria.
  - b) nucleus.
  - c) lysosomes.
  - d) smooth endoplasmic reticulum.
- 3. Which one of the following is true regarding karyorrhexis?
  - a) Nucleus becomes enlarged.
  - b) Nucleus undergoes fragmentation.
  - c) Nucleus appears pale in colour compared to a normal cell.
  - d) Nucleus undergoes shrinkage.
- 4 Which of the following is the most common site of origin of pulmonary emboli?
  - a) Lumen of left ventricle
  - b) Deep leg veins
  - c) Left pulmonary vein
  - d) Superficial leg veins
- 5. Which of the following is an example of physiological atrophy?
  - a) Atrophy of sexual glands in elderly
  - b) Atrophy resulting from compression
  - c) Atrophy resulting from damage to nerves
  - d) Ischemic atrophy
- 6. A granuloma is a,
  - a) pus filled cavity.
  - b) microscopic aggregate of epithelial cells surrounded by lymphocytes.
  - c) nodular collection of necrotic cells surrounded by neutrophils.
  - d) microscopic aggregate of epitheloid cells surrounded by lymphocytes.

- 7. Wound healing is delayed in,
  - a) vitamin C deficiency.
  - b) vitamin E deficiency.
  - c) vitamin A deficiency.
  - d) vitamin D deficiency.
- 8. Which one of the following is a chemotactic agent for neutrophils?
  - a) Platelet derived growth factor
  - b) Transformation growth factor
  - c) Leukotrine B4
  - d) Tumour necrosis factor
- 9. Which one of the following is involved in the activation of extrinsic pathway of blood coagulation?
  - a) Collagen
  - b) Calcium ions
  - c) Tissue factor
  - d) Factor Xa
- 10. Which one of the following is an endogenous pigment?
  - a) Carbon
  - b) Tattoo ink
  - c) Lipofuscin
  - d) Asbestos



	REGISTRATION NO:	:
Par	rt B: Structured Essay Questions (80 marks)	
	1.1 List two (02) causes for metastatic calcification.	(4 marks)
	1.2 Briefly discuss the differences between metastatic calcification	
	pathological calcification.	(16 marks)
2.		(TOTAL 20 MARKS)
٠.	2.1 Define the term acute inflammation.	(4 marks)
	2.2 Briefly describe the pathological basis of the cardinal signs o	f acute inflammation. (10 marks)
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2.3 Briefly explain the outcomes of an acute inflammatory reacti	ion. (6 marks)
	(TOTAL 20 MARKS)
3.	
3.1 Define the term thrombosis.	(4 marks)
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
3.2 Briefly describe the Virchow's triad in thrombosis.	(12 marks)
3.3 State the fate of a thrombus.	(4 marks)
	(TOTAL 20 MARKS)

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4.1 Define chronic inflammation.	(6 marks)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.2 List two (02) types of cells involved in chronic inflammation.	(4 marks)
4.3 Briefly describe the functions of one of the above mentioned (4.2) c	ell types in chronic
inflammation.	(10 marks)
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Γ)	TOTAL 20 MARKS)

# Part C: Essay Question (10 marks)

1. Briefly explain the different types of gangrenes.

(10 marks)

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# BACHELOR OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES HONOURS MDU5358 - HISTOPATHOLOGY NO BOOK TEST 01

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#### ANSWER SHEET FOR PART A

1.	a	b	С	d

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