

THE OPEN UNIVERSITY OF SRI LANKA FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES ACADEMIC YEAR 2019/2020 – SEMSETER I

BACHELOR OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES HONOURS

MDU4307 - VIROLOGY & MYCOLOGY - LEVEL4

NO BOOK TEST

DURATION: 1/1/2 HOURS

DATE: 19TH FEBRUARY 2020

TIME: 11.30AM –1.00PM

neen University

of Medical Laborat

REGISTRATION NO:	

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS/ INFORMATIONS TO CANDIDATES

- This question paper consists of 10 pages with 10 Multiple Choice Questions (Part A), 04 Structured Essay Questions (Part B) and 01 Essay Question (Part C).
- Write your Registration Number in the space provided.
- Answer ALL questions.
- Multiple Choice Questions (Part A): Indicate the best answer for each question, in the answer sheet provided by placing a cross (X) in INK in the relevant cage. (answers in pencil will NOT be marked)
- Structured Essay Questions (Part B): Write answers within the space provided.
- Essay Question (Part C): Write the answer in the booklet provided.
- Do not remove any page/part of this question paper from the examination hall.
- Mobile phones and any other electronic equipment are NOT allowed. Leave them outside.

5	m-	الله الله	·
P 61		1 5	للم الأ
و ما اللهن ا	ره البينة	الس الار	ويستري الح

REGISTRATION NO:

Address:

PART A – Multiple Choice Questions (10 Marks)

- 1. All viruses consist of
 - (a) capsid and envelop.
 - (b) capsid and nucleic acid.
 - (c) envelope and nucleic acid.
 - (d) nucleocapsid and envelop.
- 2. Viral envelop
 - (a) is a protein coat surrounding the viral genetic material.
 - (b) determines the shape of the virus.
 - (c) acts as a shield against organic solvent.
 - (d) is derived from host cell membranes.
- 3. Bacteriophages
 - (a) contain only few genes.
 - (b) have head-tail structure.
 - (c) are used to treat human diseases.
 - (d) always cause lysis of infected bacterial cell.
- 4. Continuous cell lines
 - (a) contain haploid cells.
 - (b) are comprised of single type of cells.
 - (c) exhibit same karyotype of original parent cells.
 - (d) have a finite lifespan.
- 5. The commonest cause of vial gastroenteritis in children is
 - (a) norovirus.
 - (b) adenovirus.
 - (c) astrovirus.
 - (d) rotavirus.
- 6. Which one of the following statements is false regarding fungal morphology?
 - (a) They have membrane bound organelles.
 - (b) Glucan is present in the cell wall.
 - (c) Dimorphic fungi exist in the filamentous form in the host tissue and as yeast form in the environment.
 - (d) Mycelium of filamentous fungi may be septate or coencytic.

- 7. Which of the following are asexual reproductive methods?
 - (a) Ascospores, zoospores, blastospores
 - (b) Chlamydospores, arthrospores, blastospores
 - (c) Zygospores, blastospores, zoospores
 - (d) Blastospores, basidiospores, arthrospores
- 8. Which one of the following is true regarding Malassezia furfur?
 - (a) Can be grown in blood agar plates.
 - (b) Forms a part of the normal skin microbiota in humans.
 - (c) Causes hair infections.
 - (d) Causes characteristic hyperpigmented rash on the body.
- 9. Which one of the following is false regarding chromoblastomycoses?
 - (a) Enter the body through inhalation.
 - (b) Are caused by brown pigmented fungi.
 - (c) Produce slow-growing colonies.
 - (d) Lesions are mostly found in the limbs.
- 10. Which one of the following is true regarding non-dermatophytic molds?
 - (a) Invade intact skin.
 - (b) Are keratinolytic organisms.
 - (c) Include Scytalidium dimidiatum, Aspergillus niger and Epidermophyton flocossum.
 - (d) Exist as saprophytes.

PART B – Structured Essay Questions (80 Marks)

1.	unicellular organisms.	tom onor
1.1	List four (04) unique characteristics of viruses.	(04 marks)
	I	
	II	
	III	
	IV	
1.2	List two (02) structure-based and two (02) chemical composition based viral	classification
	systems.	(04 marks)
	(a) Structure-based classification systems	
	I	
	П	
	(b) Chemical composition-based classification systems	
	I	
	II	
1.3	3 Herpesviruses have dsDNA. Briefly describe the transcription process enzyme/s involved.	including the (06 marks)

Page 6 of 10

	REGISTRATION NO: .	••••••••••••••••
1.4	Explain the mechanism of "receptor mediated endocytosis"	which is used by viruses to gain
	entry into the host cells.	(06 marks)
		······································
		•••••
		•••••
		
		(Total: 20 Marks)
2.0		
2.1	Define "enteric viruses".	(02 marks)
		•••••
		•••••••••••••
2.2	List four (04) transmission modes of enteric viruses.	(04 marks)
	I	
	II	
	m	
	IV	
23	Outline the diagnostic assays used to confirm the rotavirus i	
	laboratories in Sri Lanka.	
	aconatorios in orrelatika.	(06 marks)

		D. C. C. and C. a. Emp
2.4	Vaccines are an effective method for prevention of viral infections.	
	attenuated vaccine available against enteric viruses.	(08 marks)
	-	
	*. 	
		(Total: 20 Marks)
		(Total: 20 Marks)
3.0		(Total: 20 Marks)
	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections.	
		(03 marks)
	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections.	(03 marks)
	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections.	(03 marks)
	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections.	(03 marks)
3.1	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections.	(03 marks)
3.1	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections.	(03 marks)
3.1	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections. Name five (05) health conditions where opportunistic fungal pathog	(03 marks)
3.1	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections. Name five (05) health conditions where opportunistic fungal pathog	(03 marks)
3.1	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections. Name five (05) health conditions where opportunistic fungal pathog	(03 marks)
3.1	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections. Name five (05) health conditions where opportunistic fungal pathog	(03 marks)
3.1	Write three (03) methods that humans can acquire fungal infections. Name five (05) health conditions where opportunistic fungal pathog	(03 marks)

00102

	REGISTRATION NO:	
3.3	3 Provide three (03) examples infections for the following fungal infections	categories.
	Give one causative organism for each example.	(12 marks)
	a) Superficial mycoses	-
	<u></u>	•••••••
-		
	b) Subcutaneous mycoses	
٠		
		•••••
	······································	•••••
	c) Systemic infection by a primary pathogen / dimorphic fungi	
1		******************
	d) Systemic infection by an opportunistic pathogen	

	(To	tal: 20 Marks)
4.0		
4.1	List three (03) steps to be taken to improve the quality of the clinical special	nens (skin,
	hair, nails) which are used to diagnose superficial fungal infections.	(06 marks)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		•••••••
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		••••••

4.2 State the storage temperatures for the following samples that are sent for fur	ngal cultures.
	(04 marks)
Bronchoalveolar lavage	
Blood	
Skin scrapings	
Skin biopsies	
4.3 Briefly describe the collection procedure of following samples.	(10 marks)
Skin scrapings	
Bone marrow aspirate	

Cerebrospinal fluid	
Blood for serology	
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Biopsy specimen	•
(Total: 20	Marks)

PART C – Essay Questions (10 marks)

1. Describe the clinical features and laboratory diagnosis of dermatophyte infections in humans.

REGISTRATION NO:

BACHELOR OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES HONOURS MDU4307 – VIROLOGY & MYCOLOGY NO BOOK TEST REGISTRATION NO:

ANSWER SHEET FOR PART A

- 1. a b c d
- 2. a b c d
- 3. a b c d
- 4. a b c d
- 5. a b c d
- 6. a b c d
- 7. a b c d
- 8. a b c d
- 9. a b c d
- 10. a b c d